

2.0A, 2-4 节锂电池开关型充电器

产品概述

JO62; 4 是一款 8.5V-24V 输入,高度集成的开关型锂离子/聚合物电池充电芯片,以高精度调节 2A 充电电流,和电池电压。它密切监测电池组的温度只在设置安全温度范围下允许充电,还提供电池检测、预充电调节、充电饱充和充电状态指示等功能。热反馈调节可降低充电电流并维持芯片内部温度以不超过 125℃ 的条件下工作,如果结温超过 155℃,它将进行过热关断保护,停止工作以确保可靠度。

JO62; 4 适合 2-4 节电池充电,它集成 24V 耐压,低导通组抗的 N-型场效应晶体管以 1.0MHZ 同步降压管理实现高效率的锂电池充电并简化外围电路设计。JO62; 4 封装为 SOP8-e。

产品特点

- 1MHz 同步降压调节
- MOS 集成
- 可编程(Max.2A)恒流充电
- 2-4 节电池供电
- 8.5~24V 工作电压范围
- 高达 93%的效率
- 内部软启动
- 内部环路补偿
- 多重保护
 - 输出短路保护
 - 过温度保护
 - 电池过电压保护(BOVP)
 - 充电定时器
 - 热反馈调节@T;=125C
 - NTC 检测、温度异常充电暂停

- 充电状态指示
- 精确度

±1% 电池电压调节(CV)

±10% 充电电流调节(CC)

应用领域

- 电动工具
- 电池备份系统
- 医疗诊断设备
- 笔记本电脑



Typical Application Circuits DC IN 15~24V C1 100uF - Cin T.0uF IN BS R1 CELL Свs 22nF \uparrow '<A(\$-& L Rsns --W-PWM VBAT ത്ത C_{BAT} ± C2 10uF 100uF Control **20**mΩ 2.2uH D2 Red & Logic STAT cs D3 Green BAT R2 ≥ TS AGND/PGND **₹** Rntc

Figure 1. Typical Application Schematic for 3-Cells Battery (Block reverse current with a Schottky diode)

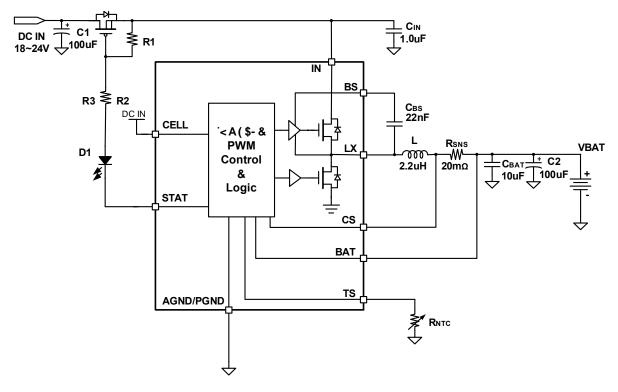
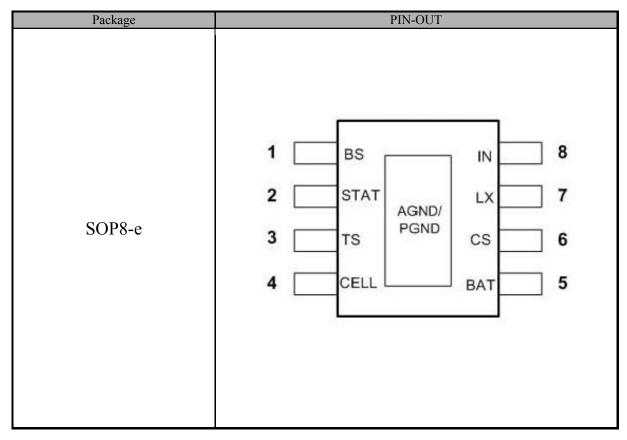


Figure 2. Typical Application Schematic for 4-Cells Battery (Block reverse current with an external PMOSFET)



PIN Configuration





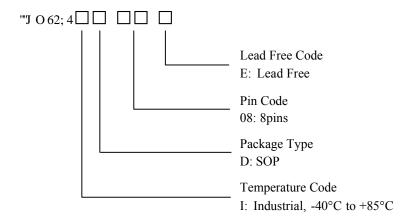
PIN Description

PIN NO.	Name	Description					
1	BS	Bootstrap 引脚。 在 LX 和 BS 之间使用 10~22nF 的瓷片电容连接。					
2	STAT	状态输出					
		Hi-Z	High	Low	Blinking		
		休眠模式	充电完成	充电中	异常		
3	TS	电池温度采样端口,连接到电池温度调节器端子(NTC),如果不连接到电池,可以连接至地以屏蔽NTC功能。推荐选料10K NTC (B-Constant=3950K)。					
4	CELL	充电节数选择引脚。 下拉做 3 节充电;上拉选择为 4 节充电;浮空为预设 2 节电池充电。					
5	BAT	电池电压检测、充电电压调节和电流检测输入。 BAT 与 AGND 使用 0.1uF 电容做共模滤波。 选择 CELL 为 3-4 节充电时,须于 PCB B+接点加上一个 100uF 的电解电容对地以防止 电池连接时的突波。					
6	CS	电流检测输入引脚。CS 与 AGND 建议接 0.1uF 做共模滤波。					
7	LX	开关电流输出引脚, 连接电感。 使用 10-22nF BS 电容跨接于 LX 与 BS 引脚之间用于上管驱动线路供电。					
8	IN	芯片电源。使用 1uF 瓷片电容连接 AGND。 选择 CELL 为 3-4 节充电时或输入电压超过 15V 以上时,须于 PCB 电源接点处加上一个 100uF 的电解电容对地以防止电源插入时的突波。					
9	PGND/ AGND	底部焊盘。连接到 PCB 的地。					



Order Information

Order Number	Package Type	QTY/Reel	Green Status	Operation temp range
""""J O 62; 4""""""	''''''' UQR: /g'''''''	"""""""""""""4722'""""""""""""""""	"""""TqJ U""""""""	************/62"ÅE"\q": 7ÅE"



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Maximum Ratings	
IN, CS, BAT, STAT, CELL	-0.3V to 24V	
BS	-0.3V to 28V	
LX	-2V to 24 V	
TS	-0.3V to 7V	
PGND	-0.3V to +0.3V	
CS-BAT	-0.5V to +0.5V	
Junction temperature range	-40°C to +150°C	
Storage temperature range	-65°C to +150°C	
Lead Temperature	260°C	
Maximum Power Dissipation	2W	
ESD (HBM)	2000V	



Electrical Characteristics

. Max. 24 50 30 3	V uA uA
50	uA
50	uA
30	
30	
	uA
3	1
	mA
	mA
	V
<u>,</u>	V
}	V
1	%
4.5	mV
33	mV
	%
	S
	V
	V
8	4.5



Carrala al	Dorowston	G E	SPEC			Unit	
Symbol Parameter		Condition		Тур.	Max.		
Sleep Compara	Sleep Comparator (Reverse Discharging Protection)						
V_{SLEEP}	Sleep mode threshold	V_{IN} - V_{BAT} falling		50		mV	
V _{SLEEP-HYS}	Hysteresis	V _{IN} -V _{BAT} rising		250		mV	
t _{SLEEP-DC}	Deglitch to disable charge	V _{IN} -V _{BAT} falling		1		mS	
t _{SLEEP-FALL}	Deglitch to enter Sleep	V_{IN} - V_{BAT} falling		1		mS	
t _{SLEEP-RISE}	Deglitch to exit Sleep	V _{IN} -V _{BAT} rising		1.3		S	
Bat Low Comp	parator						
	Dec. Leave to Cont	2 cells, measured on BAT, CELL=Float	5.7	5.8	5.9	V	
$ m V_{LOWV}$	Pre-charge to fast charge transition threshold	3 cells, measured on BAT, CELL=Lo	8.5	8.7	8.9	V	
		4 cells, measured on BAT, CELL=Hi	11.3	11.6	11.9	V	
	Fast charge to pre-charge hysteresis	2 cells, measured on BAT, CELL=Float		200		mV	
$ m V_{LOWV-HYS}$		3 cells, measured on BAT, CELL=Lo		300		mV	
		4 cells, measured on BAT, CELL=Hi		400		mV	
t _{pre2fast}	V _{LOWV} rising deglitch	Delay to start fast charge current		25		mS	
t _{fast2pre}	V _{LOWV} falling deglitch	Delay to start pre-charge current		25		mS	
V _{SHORT}	Battery short voltage	measured on BAT		2.2		V	
V _{SHORT_HY}	Battery short voltage hysteresis	measured on BAT		2.4		V	
I _{SHORT}	Battery short bias			10		mA	
Re-Charge Co	mparator						
	Re-charge Threshold, below regulation voltage limit, $V_{BAT-REG}$ - V_{BAT}	2 cells, measured on BAT, CELL=Float	100	130	160	mV	
$V_{ m RECHG}$		3 cells, measured on BAT, CELL=Lo	200	260	320	mV	
		4 cells, measured on BAT, CELL=Hi	300	390	480	mV	
t _{RECH-RISE_DEG}	V _{RECHG} rising deglitch	V _{BAT} decreasing below V _{RECHG}		25		mS	
t _{RECH-FALL_DEG}	V _{RECHG} falling deglitch	V_{BAT} increasing above V_{RECHG}		25		mS	



Cl1	Dorowster	O Ex	SPEC			Unit		
Symbol Parameter		Condition		Тур.	Max.			
Bat Over-Volta	Bat Over-Voltage Comparator							
V_{OV_RISE}	Over-voltage rising threshold	As percentage of V_{BAT_REG}		110		%		
$ m V_{OV_FALL}$	Over-voltage falling threshold	As percentage of V_{BAT}		105		%		
Thermal Regul	Thermal Regulation							
T_{J_REG}	Junction Temperature	Charging		125		Ŝ		
Thermal Shutd	own Comparator							
T_{SHUT}	Thermal shutdown temperature	Temperature rising		155		င		
T _{SHUT-HYS}	Thermal shutdown hysteresis	Temperature falling		30		Ŝ		
t _{SHUT-RISE-DEG}	Thermal shutdown deglitch	Temperature rising		25		uS		
Thermistor Con	mparator							
I_{TS}	TS bias current		70	76	82	μΑ		
$V_{ m LTF}$	Cold temperature threshold, TS pin voltage rising threshold	Charger suspends charge		3.0		V		
V _{LTF_HYS}	Cold temperature hysteresis, TS pin voltage falling threshold	Charger recovery charge		2.6		V		
$V_{ m HTF}$	Hot temperature TS pin voltage falling threshold	Charger suspends charge		300		mV		
t _{TS-CHG-SUS}	Deglitch time for temperature out of range detection	$V_{TS} > V_{LTF}$, or $V_{TS} < V_{TCO}$, or $V_{TS} < V_{HTF}$		1.3		S		
$t_{TS\text{-}CHG\text{-}RSM}$	Deglitch time for temperature out of range detection	$V_{TS} < V_{LTF}$ - $V_{LTF-HYS}$ or $V_{TS} > V_{TCO}$, or $V_{TS} > V_{HTF}$		1.3		S		



0 1 1	Parameter	Q IV	SPEC			TT'4		
Symbol		Condition		Тур.	Max.	Unit		
High-Side FET	High-Side FET Over-Current Comparator (Cycle by Cycle)							
I _{OCP_HSFET}	Current limit on HSFET	Measure on HSFET		4.0		A		
Internal PWM	Internal PWM							
F_{SW}	PWM switching frequency		0.80	1.0	1.05	MHz		
T _{SW-DEAD}	Driver dead time	$V_{IN} > 5V$		20		nS		
R _{DS-HI}	High Side RON	$V_{BS}-V_{SW}=5V$			150	mΩ		
R _{DS-LO}	Low Side RON	$V_{REGN}=5V$			150	mΩ		
Safety Timer								
T _{PRE-CHARGE}	Pre-charge timer		52	60	68	min		
T _{TAPER-CHARGE}	Taper-charge timer	$V_{BAT}\!>\!V_{RCH}$ and $I_{CHG}\!<\!I_{TERM},$ STAT goes high	34	40	46	min		



Application Information

1. Typical Operation Theory

The charger of HM4092 is optimized for charging 2-4 cells Li-ion or Li-polymer batteries. It charges a battery with constant current (CC) and constant voltage (CV) profile. In CV mode, if charge current reaches 1/10 constant current threshold, STAT goes Hi to indicate charge full. The typical charge profile is illustrated as below.

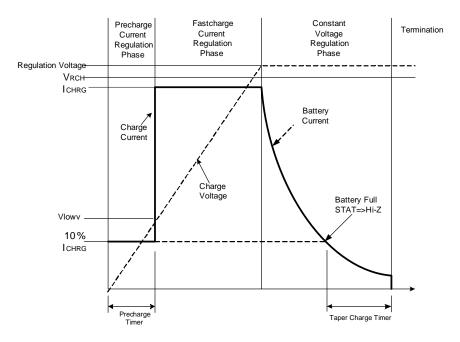


Figure 3. Typical Charging Profile

2. Battery Voltage Regulation

The HM4092 offers a high accuracy voltage regulator for the charging voltage. Battery regulation voltage could be selected for 8.4V, 12.6V and 16.8V by setting CELL pin configuration, see "Electrical Characteristics Table" for the detail.

3. Battery Current Regulation

Battery current is sensed by current sensing resistor R_{SNS} connected between CS and BAT. The full-scale differential voltage between CS and BAT is 30mV. The equation for charge current is:

$$I_{CHG} = \frac{V_{CS-BAT_CC}}{R_{SNS}}$$

Under high ambient temperature, the charge current will fold back to keep IC temperature not exceeding 125°C.

4. Battery Pre-charge Current Regulation

On Power-up, if the battery voltage is below the VLOWV threshold, the HM4092 applies the pre-charge current to the battery. This pre-charge feature is intended to revive deeply discharged cells. If the VLOWV threshold is not reached within 60 mins of initiating pre-charge, the charger turns off and a FAULT is indicated on the status pins. For HM4092, the pre-charge current is set as 10% of the fast charge rate.



$$I_{PRECHG} = \frac{0.1 * V_{CS-BAT_CC}}{R_{SNS}}$$

5. Charge Termination

The charger monitors the charging current during the voltage regulation phase. Termination is detected when the BAT voltage is higher than recharge threshold and the charge current is less than the termination current threshold, as calculated below. Termination only indicate "Charge Complete" at STAT pin with Hi and chip will not stop switching charge loop until 40 mins taper charge timer expired.

$$I_{TERM} = \frac{0.1 * V_{CS-BAT_CC}}{R_{SNS}}$$

7. Re-Charge

A new charge cycle is initiated when one of the following conditions occurs:

- The battery voltage falls below the recharge threshold
- A power-on-reset (POR) event occurs
- The battery is removed and reinserted, and then the charge current is above 0.2C.

8. Safety Timers

As a safety backup, the charger also provides an internal fixed 60 minutes pre-charge safety timer. And fixed 40 minutes taper charge timer for additional charge capacity, it start once termination is happened.

9. Soft-Start Charger Current

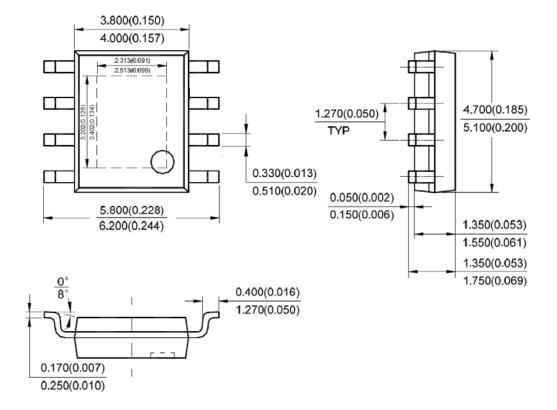
The charger automatically soft-starts the charger regulation current every time the charger goes into fast-charge to ensure there is no overshoot or stress on the output capacitors or the power converter. The soft-start consists of stepping-up the charge regulation current into 8 evenly divided steps up to the programmed charge current.

10. Temperature Qualification

The TS pin output a zero TC current to bias a negative temperature coefficient thermistor (TS) which connect to AGND. The controller continuously monitors battery temperature by measuring the voltage between the TS pin and AGND, it compares this voltage against its internal thresholds to determine if charging is allowed. To initiate a charge cycle, the battery temperature must be within the VLTF to VHTF thresholds. If battery temperature is outside of this range, the controller suspends charge and waits until the battery temperature is within the VLTF to VHTF range. The controller suspends charge by turning off the PWM MOSFETs. A 10K TS with B-Constant around 3950k is recommended for application.



Package Information(SOP8-e)





Classification Reflow Profiles

Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly
Preheat & Soak Temperature min (Tsmin) Temperature max (Tsmax) Time (Tsmin to Tsmax) (ts)	150°C 200°C 60-120 seconds
Average ramp-up rate (Tsmax to Tp)	3°C/second max.
Liquidous temperature (TL) Time at liquidous (tL)	217°C 60-150 seconds
Peak package body temperature (Tp)*	Max 260°C
Time (tp)** within 5°C of the specified classification temperature (Tc)	Max 30 seconds
Average ramp-down rate (Tp to Tsmax)	6°C/second max.
Time 25°C to peak temperature	8 minutes max.

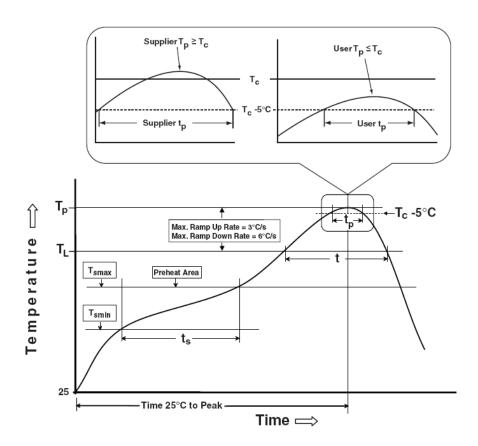


Figure 21. Classification Profile



CAUTION

Storage Conditions

- 1) This product should be used within 12 months after delivered. Store in manufacturer's package keeping the seal of aluminum coated baggage or tightly re-closed box with the following conditions. [Temperature:8 $^{\circ}$ C...30 $^{\circ}$ C, Humidity:30 $^{\circ}$...70 $^{\circ}$ R.H.]
- 2) Keep the seal of aluminum coated baggage immediately before usage.
- 3) After breaking the seal of aluminum coated baggage, this product should be used within 1 week on the following conditions.

[Temperature: $\leq 30^{\circ}$ C, Humidity: $\leq 60\%$ R.H.]